SUPPORT FUNDING FOR OUR NATION’S LIBRARIES

Dear Colleague:

We write to invite you to sign the attached letter to Chairman Harkin and Ranking Member Specter in support of funding for the Library Services and Technology Act (LSTA) and Improving Literacy Through School Libraries program in the fiscal year 2008 Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education Appropriations bill. LSTA and the Improving Literacy Through School Libraries program are the only federal programs exclusively available for the nation’s libraries.

LSTA and the Improving Literacy Through School Libraries program provide critical funding for libraries of all kinds nationwide. These programs help schools maximize educational efforts; ensure young children are ready to learn; narrow the digital divide; offer library users technology training and job searching skills; and serve as the focal point for community information and services.

Please contact Caitlin Mulligan with Senator Reed at 4-4642 or Seth Colton with Senator Collins at 4-2523 by April 10 if you would like to sign this letter or have any questions.

Sincerely,

Jack Reed
U.S. Senator

Susan M. Collins
U.S. Senator
March XX, 2007

Senator Tom Harkin
Chairman
Subcommittee on Labor,
Health and Human Services, and
Education
Committee on Appropriations

Senator Arlen Specter
Ranking Member
Subcommittee on Labor,
Health and Human Services, and
Education
Committee on Appropriations

Dear Chairman Harkin and Ranking Member Specter:

We request that you include $226.18 million for the Library Services and Technology Act (LSTA) and $100 million for the Improving Literacy Through School Libraries program in the fiscal year 2008 Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education Appropriations bill.

Federal support for these programs encourages improved efficiencies and cost-effectiveness of library services, enhance shared public access to information, and promote use of technology, sharing of resources, and other collaborations and outreach not feasible across local and state boundaries.

Library Services and Technology Act (LSTA)

Around the country, knowledgeable librarians use LSTA funding, the only federal program solely devoted to aiding libraries, to help patrons access essential information on a wide range of topics. They provide training on resume development; job bank web searches; workshops on career information; links to essential educational and community services; assistive devices for people with disabilities; family literacy classes; homework help and mentoring programs; and so much more.

A January 2007 report by the Urban Libraries Council (ULC) concludes: “Public libraries are logical partners for local economic development initiatives that focus on people and quality of life. Libraries are widely available, highly regarded public institutions that provide a broad range of information services and support for diverse constituencies.... Their open structure, combined with the power of new digital collections, technology, and training, position them to help communities make the transition from manufacturing and service economies to high tech and information economies.”

Thanks to LSTA, libraries are also working to close the “digital divide” in many of our nation’s distressed communities by providing no fee, public access to computers and the Internet. In 1996, only 28 percent of public library systems offered public Internet access. Today, due to increased resources by Congress and improved efforts by libraries across the country, more than 99.8 percent of library buildings offer no fee public access computing, and 14 million Americans regularly use these computers.
While Internet use has increased substantially in the United States, nearly half of all American households still do not have computers or Internet access. By allocating $226.18 million for LSTA, Congress could provide library users nationwide with improved access to information and library services could be targeted to people of diverse geographic, cultural, and socioeconomic backgrounds, to individuals with disabilities, and to those with limited literacy or skills. The President’s request for $226.18 million includes an increase in the state grant program, bringing funding for that program to $171.5 million. This funding level will finally allow full implementation of the Museum and Library Services Act of 2003 to provide a more equitable distribution of state formula grants.

Improving Literacy Through School Libraries

One of the central goals of the No Child Left Behind Act is a commitment to dramatically improve reading achievement among students. Both Congress and the Administration recognized that school libraries are critical partners in this effort when they included the Improving Literacy Through School Library program in the No Child Left Behind Act to improve student literacy skills and academic achievement by providing schools with up-to-date library materials, including well-equipped, technologically advanced school library media centers, and to ensure that school library media centers are staffed by professionally certified school library media specialists. The Department of Education’s November 2005 evaluation of the Improving Literacy Through School Libraries program found it has been successful in improving the quality of those school libraries receiving the grants.

We urge you to significantly boost funding for the Improving Literacy Through School Libraries program to $100 million. In FY 2006, out of approximately 520 applicants, only 78 grants were funded. In the five years grants have been awarded, nine states have never received funding under this program. When funds are equal to or greater than $100 million, Improving Literacy Through School Library funds would be distributed as formula grants to every state.

The Library Services and Technology Act and the Improving Literacy Through School Libraries program provide critical funding for libraries of all kinds nationwide. Only by including the President’s request for $226.18 million for the LSTA and $100 million for the Improving Literacy Through School Libraries program in the Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education Appropriations bill will we ensure that library patrons of all ages have sufficient access to library and information services, support recruiting and educating the next generation of librarians, and provide libraries the resources they need to improve literacy skills and academic achievement.

While we are cognizant of the difficult constraints you face, we thank you for your past support of libraries and we look forward to continuing to work with you on this essential matter.

Sincerely,