

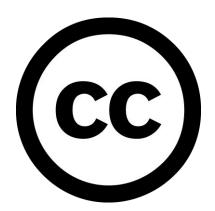
### What is Authors Alliance?

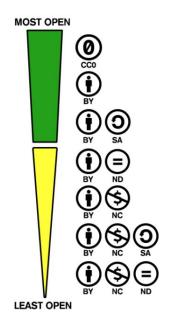
- Nonprofit supporting authors who want to get (and keep!) their works in the hands of readers
- Provide educational resources and tools to help authors understand copyright and publishing contracts
- Give voice to authors in policy debates
- Join today! authorsalliance.org/join



### What is Creative Commons?

- Global nonprofit working to create a vibrant and usable commons
- Provides free copyright licenses and public domain tools that anyone can use: "some or no rights reserved"
- Cataloguing and making searchable and usable the commons of openly-licensed and PD works
- Advocates for open policies and © reform
- Join today! network.creativecommons.org





### Agenda

- Why get rights back?
- Termination of Transfer Basics
- Authors Alliance and Creative Commons Termination of Transfer Tool at rightsback.org
- Creative Commons Int'l Rights Back Resource

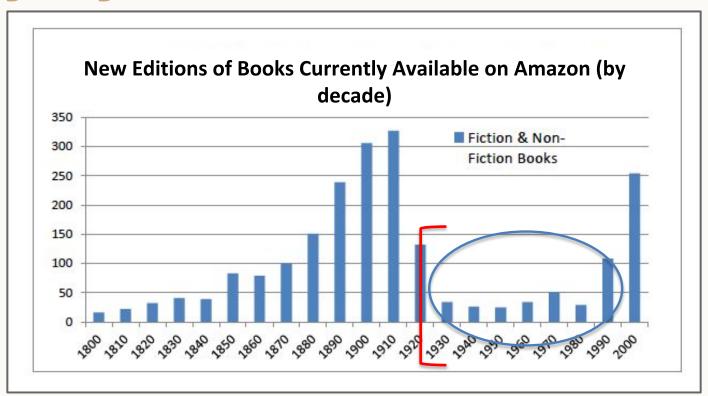


# Why Get Rights Back?

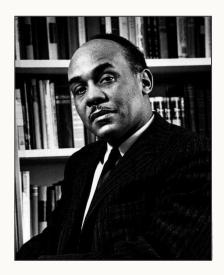


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# Why get rights back?



# Why get rights back?

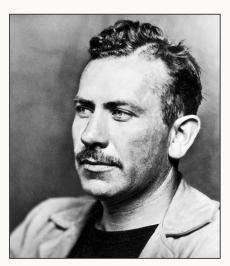


Ralph Ellison

Photo by United States Information Agency
staff photographer



Margaret Mitchell
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John Steinbeck

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Margaret Wise Brown
Photo by Consuelo Kanaga

# Why get rights back?



The opportunity to recapture rights allows creators to:

- Give new life to works that have outlived their commercial lives (by, for example, releasing them to the public on open terms)
- Renegotiate contracts and enjoy more of their works' financial success

## Rights Reversion

- A right of reversion is a contractual provision permitting an author to regain some or all of the rights in her book from her publisher when its triggering conditions are met.
- Authors can still negotiate with their publishers in the absence of a contractual clause.
- Our rights reversion materials are free to download at authorsalliance.org/resources/ rights-reversion-portal/

Nicole Cabrera · Jordyn Ostroff · Brianna Schofield Samuelson Law, Technology, and Public Policy Clinic

### UNDERSTANDING RIGHTS REVERSION

When, Why, & How to Regain Copyright and Make Your Book More Available

Authors Alliance · No. 1

# Termination Basics



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- Statutory right to get your rights back after a period of time passes
- § 203, § 304(c) or § 304(d) of the U.S.
   Copyright Act
- Five-year window starts 35, 40, 56, or 75 years from triggering event, depending on circumstances
  - E.g., Under § 203, a transfer executed on or after Jan. 1, 1978, agreement is generally terminable 35 years from date it was signed (or, if it covers the right to publish the work, 35 years from publication or 40 years from execution, whichever ends earlier)





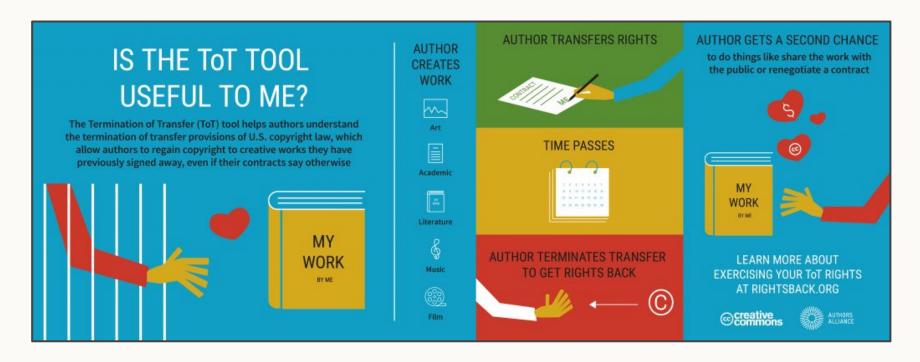
- In order to effectuate a termination right, authors must serve notice on the party whose grant is being terminated 2-10 years before the termination date.
- AND send a copy of that notice to the U.S. Copyright Office, together with a cover letter (form TCS) and \$105.



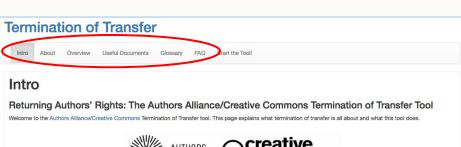
# ToT Tool at Rightsback.org



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Authors Alliance/Creative Commons
Termination of Transfer Tool (ToT Tool)







#### Termination of transfers: Get rights back!

Creators of all kinds routinely transfer rights to their works (by signing publication contracts that assign copyright to their publishers, for example). While many of these agreements last "for the life of copyright" (which under current United States law generally means seventy years after the author dies), the law takes into account that these terms can utilitately be unfair to authors and arists. This is where "termination of transfers" come in.

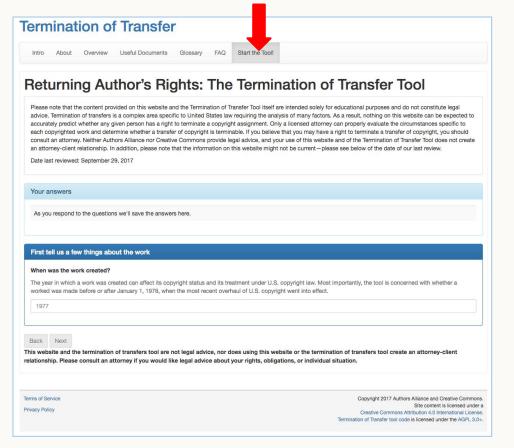
In the United States, authors can use the termination of transfers laws to regain the rights they have signed away. But because the law is complex, and because it requires that authors wait years or decades to take advantage of it, creators need to be patient, savvy, and persistent to exercise this right.

Many people use terminations because their works are tremendously successful, and they want to recapture rights to enjoy more of their work's financial success.

Many others find that their works are no longer as available as they might wish. Their books might be out of print, or their songs might not be digitized or available online. For creators who want their works to be widely shared and enjoyed—who want to take advantage of a vibrant internet that might not have existed when they signed that contract all those years ago—terminations are a powerful option for getting their works back out in front of audiences.

Whatever they choose to do, it is important that creators know this law exists, and that they feel empowered to take advantage of it. Authors Alliance and Creative Commons developed this tool to raise awareness of the law and its importance to creators who want to share their works widely.

rightsback.org



### rightsback.org

#### **Statutory termination eligibility:**

- Was the transfer a part of a will?
- Was the work created within the scope of the author's employment?
- Was the work created in response to a special order or commission?

#### Transfer by Will

It is unlikely that works with the characteristics provided would have a termination right. The information provided indicates that the agreement or transfer in question is a will. Transfers of copyright interests that occur by will cannot be terminated. Please consult a licensed attorney to determine whether the copyright assignment was transferred by a will and whether a termination right in fact exists for a given work.

#### Possible public domain work:

- When was the work created?
- Was the work published? If so, when?
- Does the work have a copyright notice?
- Was the work registered with the U.S. Copyright Office?

#### Public domain work

Works with the characterisitics provided would likely be in the public domain. Because works in the public domain are not protected by copyright, the termination of transfer provisions are inapplicable. Please consult a licensed attorney to determine whether a work with the characterisitics provided are in the public domain and whether a termination right in fact exists for a given work.

#### Timing of termination window:

- When was the work created?
- Was the work published? If so, when?
- Was the work registered? If so, when?
- When was the agreement signed?

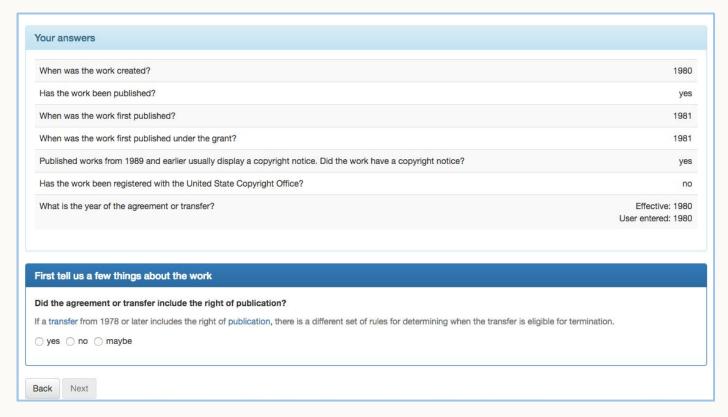
Termination Type	Under § 203
§ 203 notice window	2006-2019
§ 203 termination window	2016-2021

#### First tell us a few things about the work

#### When was the work created?

The year in which a work was created can affect its copyright status and its treatment under U.S. copyright law. Most importantly, the tool is concerned with whether a worked was made before or after January 1, 1978, when the most recent overhaul of U.S. copyright went into effect.

1977



#### Termination of Transfer Information Sheet Creative Commons and Authors Alliance

This is an information sheet generated by the Termination of Transfer tool developed by Creative Commons and Authors Alliance (last reviewed October 5, 2017). The information provided here is intended solely for educational purposes and does not constitute legal advice. Only a licensed attorney can properly evaluate the circumstances specific to each copyrighted work and determine whether a transfer of copyright is terminable.

If you believe that you may have a right to terminate a transfer of copyright, you should consult an attemey. Neither Authors Alliance nor Creative Commons provide legal advice, and your use of the Termination of Transfer Tool does not create an attorney-client relationship.

For more information, check out the FAQ at https://rightsback.org/faq/.

Information Sheet Date: 25th July 2018

#### Results

#### Potentially Eligible for termination Under § 203

Thank you for using the Termination of Transfer Tool. Works with the characteristics ground potentially are eligible for termination during the windows specified in the PDF infoodation sheet. Fi free to check out the FAQ for additional information. Please consult a licenset, entering to better understand the complexities of copyright termination and to determine whether a termination right fact exists for a oliven work.

#### Flac

#### Understanding the § 203 termination window

When a transfer made in or after 1978 is easilite for a termination, it will be under section 200 of the Copyright Act. in these circumstances are termination window opens 35 years after the transfer an lasts for five years. However, it its activitor granted publication rights, the test is a little officerer. In those cases, the five-year team atom window opens either 35 years from publication or 40 years from the transfer—white year comes first.

#### Details

Creation Year	1990
Effective Grant Year	1990
User Entered Grant Year	1990
Termination Type	Under § 203
§ 203 notice window	2015-2028
§ 203 termination window	2025-2030

#### **Details**

Creation Year	1990
Effective Grant Year	1990
User Entered Grant Year	1990
Termination Type	Under § 203
§ 203 notice window	2015-2028
§ 203 termination window	2025-2030

Vhen was the work created?	1980
las the work been published?	yes
Vhen was the work first published?	1981
Vhen was the work first published under the grant?	1981
Published works from 1989 and earlier usually display a copyright notice. Did the work have a copyright notice?	yes
las the work been registered with the United State Copyright Office?	yes
Vhen was the work registered with the United States Copyright Office?	1981
Vhat is the year of the agreement or transfer?	Effective: 1980 User entered: 1980
old the agreement or transfer include the right of publication?	yes
s the agreement or transfer in question part of a last will and testament?	no
are any of the authors or artists still alive?	yes
Vas the work created within the scope of the author's employment?	nc
Vas the work created in response to a special order or commission by some other person or company?	no
las the original transfer since been renegotiated or altered?	nc
old one or more of the authors enter into the agreement or transfer?	yes

Details	
Creation Year	1980
Publication Year	1981
Publication Year Under Grant	1981
Triggering Publication Date	1981
Effective Grant Year	1980
User Entered Grant Year	1980
Copyright Registration Year	1981
Termination Type	Under § 203
§ 203 notice window	2006-2019
§ 203 termination window	2016-2021

When was the work created?	1950
has the work been published?	yes
When was the work first published?	1950
When was the work first published under the grant?	1950
Published works from 1989 and earlier usually display a copyright notice. Did the work have a copyright notice?	yes
las the work been registered with the United State Copyright Office?	yes
When was the work registered with the United States Copyright Office?	1950
What is the year of the agreement or transfer?	Effective: 1950 User entered: 1950
s the agreement or transfer in question part of a last will and testament?	no
Vas the work created within the scope of the author's employment?	no
Vas the work created in response to a special order or commission by some other person or company?	no
las the original transfer since been renegotiated or altered?	no
Did one or more of the authors enter into the agreement or transfer?	yes

Details	
Creation Year	1950
Publication Year	1950
Publication Year Under Grant	1950
Effective Grant Year	1950
User Entered Grant Year	1950
Copyright Registration Year	1950
Termination Type	Under § 304
§ 304(c) notice window begins	1996
§ 304(c) notice window ends	2009
§ 304(c) termination window begins	2006
§ 304(c) termination window ends	2011

#### Termination of Transfer Information Sheet Creative Commons and Authors Alliance

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For more information, check out the FAQ at https://rightsback.org/faq/.

Information Sheet Date: 2

#### Results

#### Potentially Eligible for terr Under § 203

Thank you for using the Term potentially are eligible for ter free to check out the FAQ for understand the complexities fact exists for a given work.

#### Flags

#### Understanding the § 203 to

When a transfer made in or al Copyright Act. In these circum lasts for five years. However, those cases, the five-year ten from the transfer—whichever

#### Details

Creation Year
Effective Grant Year
User Entered Grant Year
Termination Type
\$ 203 notice window
\$ 203 termination window

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If an author first published a work between

1980-1993,

the notification window could now be open!

(assuming publication rights were included, the work was published within 5 years of the grant, and the work is eligible for termination)

For agreements prior to January 1, 1978

If copyright was secured between

1959-1972,

the notification window could now be open!

(assuming the work is eligible for termination)

### Termination of Transfer: Notice Templates

- In order to effectuate a termination right, authors must serve notice on the party whose grant is being terminated 2-10 years before the termination date.
- Authors must also submit a copy of that notice of termination to the U.S. Copyright Office.
- Templates for and information about notices of termination available at:

authorsalliance.org/resources/ termination-of-transfer/

Sean Doran • Luke Ewing • Andi Wilt • Blake Reid Colorado Law Samuelson-Glushko Technology Law & Policy Clinic Eric Malmgren • Erica Row • Julia Wu • Jack Lerner UC Irvine Intellectual Property, Arts, and Technology Clinic TERMINATION OF

# Rights Back Resource



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# Termination and Reversion Rights Globally

- Other countries provide statutory rights that allow authors to reclaim or have their rights returned
- Generally, come in two flavors:
  - Automatic reversion: e.g., In Canada, assignment or grant of the copyright in certain works terminates 25 years after the death of the author, and reverts to the author's estate
  - Termination upon demand: e.g., in Poland, an author has a right to renounce or terminate the contract and claim the damage, if the acquirer of the author's economic rights or the licensee does not start the dissemination of the work within the agreed time limit.

## What's the Rights Back Resource?

Searchable database of termination and reversionary rights in other countries

rights back

- Aggregates
  - Laws (enacted and pending/proposed)
  - Case law and administrative decisions
  - Scholarly articles and other resources
  - Links to termination tools (currently U.S. and Poland)
  - Other information and contact information
- Legal experts and others are encouraged to contribute!

### Countries



Select a country on the map above, or: pick a country \$

CC Rights Back Resource [BETA] About Contribute Countries FAQ

#### Poland

#### Legislation

Title	Number
Act of 4 February 1994 On copyright and Related Rights, Journal of	art. 57,
Laws of 2017, item 880,1089 from 2018, item 650	Section

#### Bills

Title	Number	

#### Decisions

Title	Number	
Title	Number	

#### Resources

Title

#### Contribute a New Entry

If you know of an entry we should add to this page, you can select one of the links here to go to the form for doing so:

- Add new legislation
- Add a new bill
- Add a new legal decision
- Add a new other resource

#### Contributors

Katarzyna Strycharz.

Act of 4 February 1994 On copyright and Related

Rights, Journal of Laws of 2017, item 880,1089 from 2018, item 650

#### Country

Poland

Number

art. 57, Section 1

Effective Date

1994-05-23

Link

http://www.prawoautorskie.gov.pl/media/download\_gallery/04\_18.pdf

Link (in English)

http://www.copyright.gov.pl/media/download\_gallery/Act%20on%20Copyright%20and%20Related%20Rights.pdf

#### Summary

to disseminate the work does not start the dissemination within the agreed time limit or if there is no agreed time limit, the author may renounce or terminate the contract within two years from the acceptance of the work and may claim the damage to be repaired after the expiry of an additional time limit, not shorter than six months." This provision was meant to protect the interests (both moral and economic) of the creator (and legal successors), which concern the public presentation (public access) of his work. The author has a right to renounce or terminate the contract and claim the damage, if the the acquirer of the author's economic rights or the licensee does not start the dissemination of the work within the agreed time limit. The author can exercise his rights only after the expiry of an additional period, not shorter than six months after agreed time limit or if the is no agreed time limit, after two years from the acceptance of the work. This provision does not apply to architectural and architectural and urban planning works.

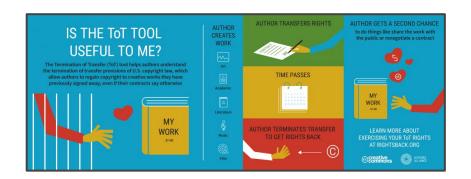
"If the acquirer of the author's economic rights or the licensee who has undertaken

#### Contributed By

Katarzyna Strycharz

### Questions?







Visit rightsback.org and labs.creativecommons.org/reversionary-rights/ today!